

## CARBO: The Carbon Balance Observatory

Completed Technology Project (2017 - 2019)



## Project Introduction

Scientific consensus from a 2015 pre-Decadal Survey workshop highlighted the essential need for a wide-swath (mapping) low earth orbit (LEO) instrument delivering carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), methane (CH<sub>4</sub>), and carbon monoxide (CO) measurements with global coverage. OCO-2 pioneered space-based CO<sub>2</sub> remote sensing, but lacks the CH<sub>4</sub>, CO and mapping capabilities required for an improved understanding of the global carbon cycle. The Carbon Balance Observatory (CARBO) advances key technologies to enable high-performance, cost-effective solutions for a space-based carbon-climate observing system. CARBO is a compact, modular, 15-30° field of view spectrometer that delivers high-precision CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub>, CO and solar induced chlorophyll fluorescence (SIF) data with weekly global coverage from LEO. CARBO employs innovative immersion grating technologies to achieve diffraction-limited performance with OCO-like spatial (2x2 km<sup>2</sup>) and spectral ( $\lambda/\Delta\lambda \approx 20,000$ ) resolution in a package that is >50% smaller, lighter and more cost-effective. CARBO delivers a 25- to 50-fold increase in spatial coverage compared to OCO-2 with no loss of detection sensitivity. Individual CARBO modules weigh < 20 kg, opening diverse new platform opportunities. We will design CARBO modules covering 4 different spectral ranges then build and field test a 2-channel CO<sub>2</sub>/CH<sub>4</sub> and SIF system. This will validate CARBO technology and deliver an instrument that can be adapted for airborne deployment and satellite validation (e.g. OCO-2, OCO-3, TropOMI). Our implementation develops and demonstrates CARBO measurement technologies: (1) Fabricate immersion gratings using e-beam lithography (2) Design and fabricate individual spectrometer/telescope modules in identical housings (3) Integrate two spectrometer/telescope modules into a single system (4) Field-test the integrated system on Mt Wilson, validating alignment, SNR and CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub> and SIF measurement precision. The CARBO system has entry TRL3. Tasks 1-2 advance CARBO's modular architecture to TRL4. Tasks 3-4 advance the system to exit TRL6. The period of performance is 3 years with a start in CY2017.



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## Organizational Responsibility

**Responsible Mission Directorate:**

Science Mission Directorate (SMD)

**Lead Center / Facility:**

Jet Propulsion Laboratory (JPL)

**Responsible Program:**

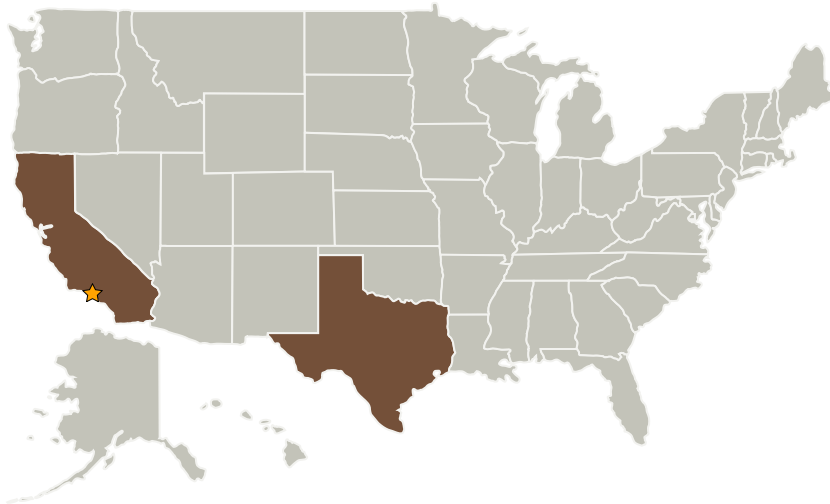
Instrument Incubator

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## Primary U.S. Work Locations and Key Partners



Organizations Performing Work	Role	Type	Location
★ Jet Propulsion Laboratory (JPL)	Lead Organization	NASA Center	Pasadena, California

Primary U.S. Work Locations	
California	Texas

## Project Management

**Program Director:**

Pamela S Millar

**Program Manager:**

Parminder S Ghuman

**Principal Investigator:**

Charles E Miller

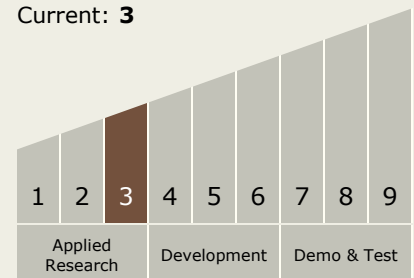
**Co-Investigators:**

Daniel Jaffe  
Christian Frankenberg  
Gary Spiers  
Karen R Piggee  
Daniel W Wilson  
Stanley P Sander  
Annmarie Eldering  
Cynthia Brooks

## Technology Maturity (TRL)

Start: 3

Current: 3



## Technology Areas

**Primary:**

- TX08 Sensors and Instruments
  - TX08.2 Observatories

*Continued on following page.*

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## Technology Areas (cont.)

└ TX08.2.3 Distributed  
Aperture

## Target Destination

Earth